TFT LCD Preliminary Specification

MODEL NO.: M236H3- L02

Customer:	
Approved by:	
Note:	

- CONTENTS -

REVISION HISTORY	
1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION 4 1.1 OVERVIEW 1.2 FEATURES 1.3 APPLICATION 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS	
2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	
3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
4. BLOCK DIAGRAM)
5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT	
6. INTERFACE TIMING	Ļ
7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS)
8. PACKAGING)
9. DEFINITION OF LABELS23	3
10.RELIABILITY TEST 24	١
11. PRECAUTIONS	?6
12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS27	,
2 / 28	



REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Section	Description
Version Ver 1.0	13,July, 09'	Section	M236H3 -L02 Preliminary specification was first issued.

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

M236H1-L01 is a 23.6" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with WLED Backlight unit and 30 pins 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1920 x 1080 Full HD mode and can display up to 16.7M colors. The converter module for Backlight is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

- Extra-wide viewing angle.
- High contrast ratio.
- Fast response time.
- Full HD (1920 x 1080 pixels) resolution.
- DE (Data Enable) only mode.
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface.
- RoHS compliance.
- TCO05 compliance

1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD Monitor

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	521.28(H) x 293.22(V) (23.547" real diagonal)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	525.22 (H) x 297.22 (V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1920 x R.G.B. x 1080	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.2715 (H) x 0.2715 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.7M	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally White	-	-
Surface Treatment	AG type, 3H hard coating, Haze 25	-	-
Module Power Consumption	(16.08)	Watt	(2)

1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Ì		Horizontal(H)	544.3	544.8	545.3	mm	
	Module Size	Vertical(V)	320.0	320.5	321.0	mm	(1)
		Depth(D)	10.9	11.4	11.9	mm	
Ì	Weight		-	2450	2500	g	-

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) Please refer to sec.3.1 & 3.2 for more information of power consumption

2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

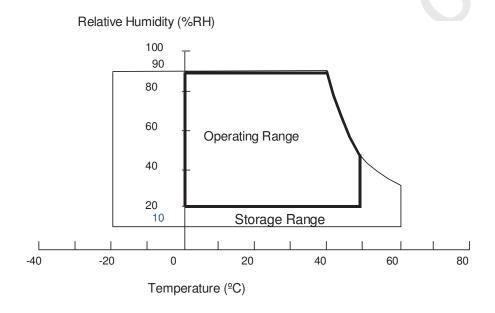
2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Va	Unit	Note	
ILCIII	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	NOLE
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	60	∘C	(1)
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{OP}	0	50	ōC	(1), (2)
Shock (Non-Operating)	S _{NOP}	-	50	G	(3), (5)
Vibration (Non-Operating)	V_{NOP}	-	1.5	G	(4), (5)

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

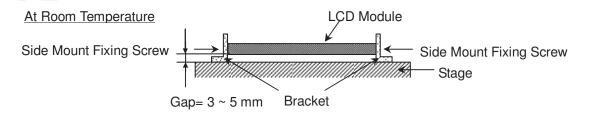
- (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta \leq 40 ${}^{\circ}$ C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 $^{\circ}$ C Max. (Ta > 40 $^{\circ}$ C).
- (c) No condensation.

Note (2) The temperature of panel display surface area should be 0 $^{\circ}$ C Min. and 60 $^{\circ}$ C Max



- Note (3) 11ms, half sine wave, 1 time for $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$.
- Note (4) 10 ~ 300 Hz, 10min/cycle, 3 cycles each X, Y, Z.
- Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

The fixing condition is shown as below:





2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note
Item	Syllibol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	+6.0	V	(1)
Logic Input voltage	Vlogic	-0.3	3.6		

2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note	
Item	Gymbor	Min.	Тур	Max.	Offic	Note	
LED DC forward current	I _f		20		mΛ		
LED Peak pulse current	lр		30		mA	(1)	
LED Reverse voltage	Vr		5		V		

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

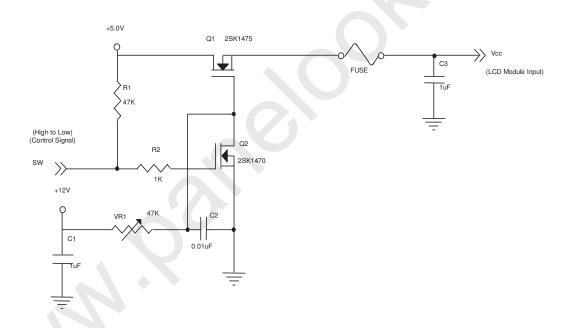
3.1.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

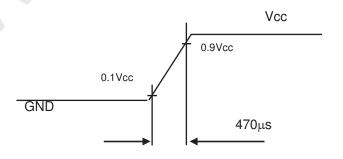
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Power Supply	/ Voltage	Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	-
Ripple Vo	Itage	V_{RP}	-	-	100	mV	-
Rush Cui	rent	I _{RUSH}		(1.54)	(3)	Α	(2)
	White		(0.5)	(0.6)	0.72	Α	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black		(1.0)	(1.2)	1.08	Α	(3)b
	Vertical Stripe		(0.9)	(1.08)	1.02	Α	(3)c
Power Consi	umption	PLCD		(5)	(6)	Watt	(4)
LVDS differential input voltage		Vid	100	1	600	mV	
LVDS common input voltage		Vic	1.0	1.2	1.4	V	
Logic High Input Voltage		VIH	2.64	1	3.6		
Logic Low Inpu	ut Voltage	VIL	0	-	0.66		

Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

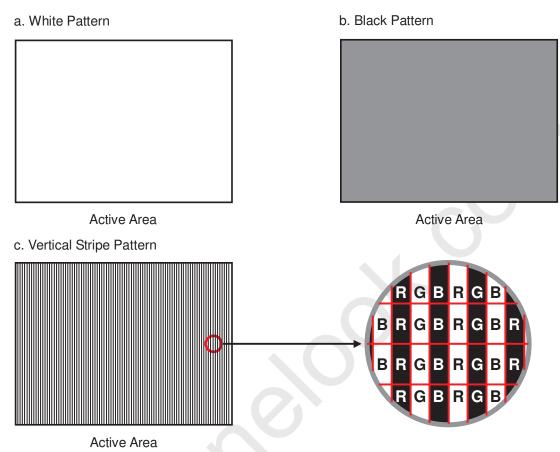
Note (2) Measurement Conditions:



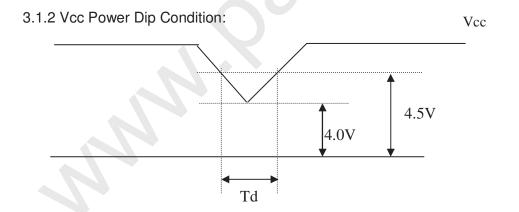
Vcc rising time is 470μs



Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 5.0 V, $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$, $Fr = 60 \,^{\circ}\text{Hz}$, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



Note (4)The power consumption is specified at the pattern with the maximum current



Dip condition: $4.0V \le Vcc \le 4.5V, Td \le 20ms$

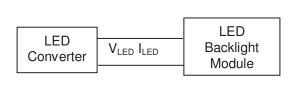
3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

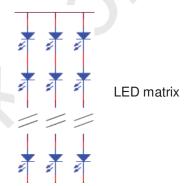
 $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \,{}^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Symbol Value		Unit	Note	
i arameter	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Light Bar Input Voltage	V_{LED}	34	39.6	42	V_{DC}	(1), (Duty 100%)
Light Bar Input Current	I _{LED}		20	30	mA _{DC}	(Duty 100%) per string
Power Consumption	P_{LED}		11.08		W	(1)
LED Life Time	L_BL	25000			Hrs	(2)

Note (1) $P_{\text{LED}} = (I_{\text{LED}} \times 14) \times V_{\text{LED}}$, LED matrix is 12S14P

Note (2) The lifetime of LED is defined as the time when it continues to operate under the conditions at $Ta = 25 \pm 2$ oC and I = 20 mA(Per EA) until the brightness becomes $\leq 50\%$ of its original value.





3.3 LIGHTBAR Connector Pin Assignment

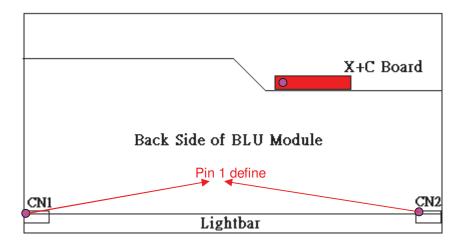
Connector: 91500-01201 宏致(Aces)

CN₁

Pin number	Description
1	VLED
2	VLED
3	Not connection, this pin should be open
4	Not connection, this pin should be open
5	Not connection, this pin should be open
6	Cathode of LED string
7	Cathode of LED string
8	Cathode of LED string
9	Cathode of LED string
10	Cathode of LED string
11	Cathode of LED string
12	Cathode of LED string

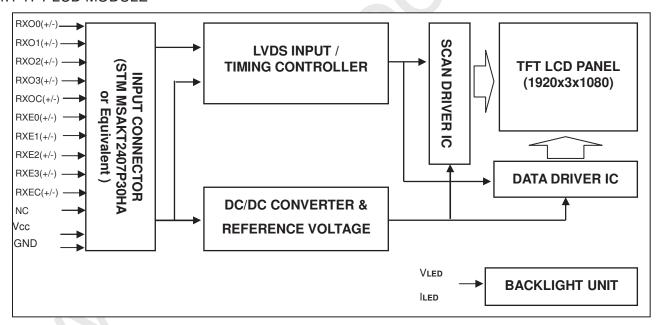
CN2

Pin number	Description
1	Cathode of LED string
2	Cathode of LED string
3	Cathode of LED string
4	Cathode of LED string
5	Cathode of LED string
6	Cathode of LED string
7	Cathode of LED string
8	Not connection, this pin should be open
9	Not connection, this pin should be open
10	Not connection, this pin should be open
11	VLED
12	VLED



4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin	Name	Description
1	RXO0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
2	RXO0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
3	RXO1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
4	RXO1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
5	RXO2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
6	RXO2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
7	GND	Ground
8	RXOC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
9	RXOC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
10	RXO3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O3(odd)
11	RXO3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O3 (odd)
12	RXE0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
13	RXE0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
14	GND	Ground
15	RXE1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
16	RXE1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
17	GND	Ground
18	RXE2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
19	RXE2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
20	RXEC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (even)
21	RXEC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (even)
22	RXE3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
23	RXE3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
24	GND	Ground
25	NC	For LCD internal use only, Do not connect
26	NC	For LCD internal use only, Do not connect
27	NC	For LCD internal use only, Do not connect
28	Vcc	+5.0V power supply
29	Vcc	+5.0V power supply
30	Vcc	+5.0V power supply

Note (1) Connector Part No.: Starconn, 093G30-B2001A or Equivalent

Note (2) The first pixel is odd.

Note (3) Input signal of even and odd clock should be the same timing.



5.2 LVDS DATA MAPPING TABLE

LVDS Channel O0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Channel Ou	Data order	OG0	OR5	OR4	OR3	OR2	OR1	OR0
LVDS Channel O1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVDS Channel OT	Data order	OB1	OB0	OG5	OG4	OG3	OG2	OG1
LVDS Channel O2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Ghanner 02	Data order	DE	NA	NA	OB5	OB4	OB3	OB2
LVDS Channel O3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVDS Channel Os	Data order	NA	OB7	OB6	OG7	OG6	OR7	OR6
LVDS Channel E0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Channel E0	Data order	EG0	ER5	ER4	ER3	ER2	ER1	ER0
LVDS Channel E1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Channel E1	Data order	EB1	EB0	EG5	EG4	EG3	EG2	EG1
LVDS Channel E2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 GHAHHELEZ	Data order	DE	NA	NA	EB5	EB4	EB3	EB2
LVDS Channel E3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVDS Channel Es	Data order	NA	EB7	EB6	EG7	EG6	ER7	ER6



5.3 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

												Da	ata	Sigr	nal										
	Color				Re									reer							Βlι				
	<u> </u>	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dania	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 1
Colors	Cyan Magenta	0	0	0 1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: '			:	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:				:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of		:	:	:	:	:		:		:	:		: 4	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	·
Green	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(254) Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	o
Gray	2.30(2)	:		:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	l :	:	:	:	:	:		•
Scale		:	:			:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of Blue	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Diue	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

6. INTERFACE TIMING

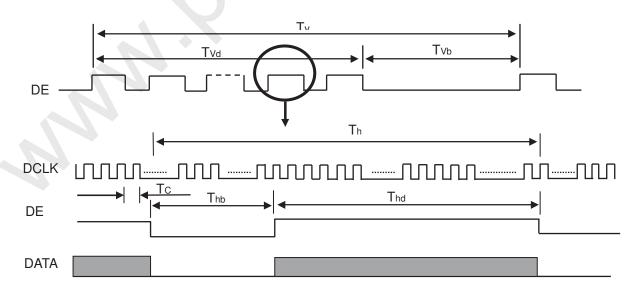
6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

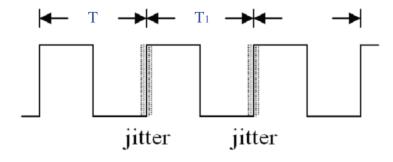
1 0 0 1			O		0 0		
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	Fc	(58.54)	74.25	(98)	MHz	-
	Period	Tc	-	13.47	-	ns	
	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T_{rcl}	-0.02*Tc	-	0.02*Tc	ns	(1)
LVDS Clock	Spread spectrum modulation range	Fclkin_mod	(0.97*Fc)	-	(1.03*Fc)	MHz	(2)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F_{SSM}	-	-	200	KHz	(2)
	High Time	Tch	_	4/7	-	Tc	_
	Low Time	Tcl	-	3/7	-	Tc	-
LVDC Data	Setup Time	Tlvs	600		-	ps	(0)
LVDS Data	Hold Time	Tlvh	600	-	-	ps	(3)
	Frame Rate	Fr	50	60	75	Hz	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
Vertical Active Display Term	Total	Tv	1115	1125	1136	Th	-
Vertical Active Display Term	Display	Tvd	1080	1080	1080	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	35	45	56	Th	-
	Total	Th	1050	1100	1150	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display	Thd	960	960	960	Tc	-
	Blank	Thb	90	140	190	Tc	-

Note: Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals are ignored.

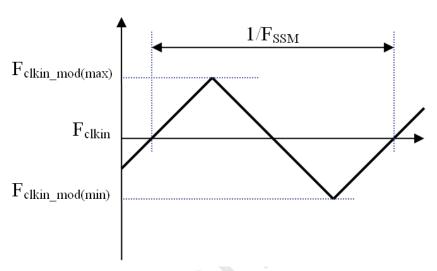
INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM



Note (1) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. Trcl = $IT_1 - TI$

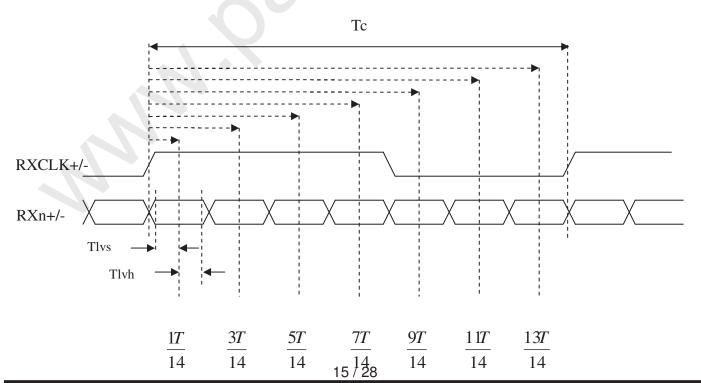


Note (2) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



Note (3) The LVDS timing diagram and setup/hold time is defined and showing as the following figures.

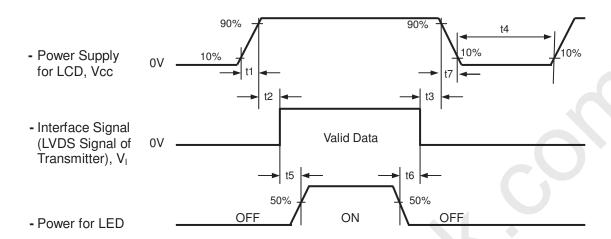
LVDS RECEIVER INTERFACE TIMING DIAGRAM



Version 0.0

6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Timing Specifications:

 $0.5\text{< }t1 \, \leqq \, 10 \; \text{msec}$

 $0 < t2 \le 50 \text{ msec}$

 $0 < t3 \le 50 \text{ msec}$

 $t4 \ge 500 \text{ msec}$

 $t5 \ge 450 \, \text{msec}$

t6 ≥ 90 msec

 $5 < t7 \le 100 \text{ msec}$

Note.

- (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- (2) Apply the LED voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- (3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- (6) It is not guaranteed that products are damaged which is caused by not following the Power Sequence.
- (7) It is suggested that Vcc falling time follows t7 specification, else slight noise is likely to occur when LCD is turned off (even backlight is already off).

7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

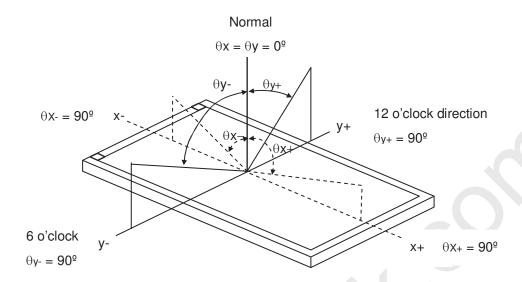
Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	°C
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	7V	V
Input Signal	According to typical va	alue in "3. ELECTRICAL (CHARACTERISTICS"
Light Bar Input Voltage	V_{LED}	39.6	V_{DC}
Light Bar Input Current	I _{LED}	20	mA _{DC} (per string)
Duty	D	100	%

7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (5).

Iter	n	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Dod	Rx			0.637				
	Red	Ry			0.346				
	Croon	Gx			0.324				
Color	Green	Gy		Тур –	0.611	Тур +		(1) (5)	
Chromaticity (CIE 1931)	Blue	Bx	0 00 0 00	0.03	0.152	0.03	-	(1), (5)	
(012 1001)	blue	Ву	θ_x =0°, θ_Y =0° CS-1000T		0.063				
	White	Wx	03-10001		0.313				
	vvriite	Wy			0.329				
Center Luminance of White (Center of Screen)		Lc		250	300	-	cd/m ²	(4), (5)	
Contrast	Ratio	CR		700	1000	-	-	(2), (5)	
Respons	o Timo	T_R	$\theta_x=0^\circ, \theta_Y=0^\circ$	-	1.5	2.5	ms	(2)	
nespons	e mine	T _F	$\theta_{X}=0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{Y}=0^{\circ}$	-	3.5	5.5	1115	(3)	
White Va	riation	δW	$\theta_x=0^\circ$, $\theta_Y=0^\circ$	-	-	1.33	-	(5), (6)	
	Horizontal	θ_{x} +		75	85	-			
Viewing Angle	Tionzoniai	θ_{x} -	CR ≥ 10	75	85	-	Deg.	(1), (5)	
viewing / mgic	Vertical	θγ+	O11 ≡ 10	70	80	-	Dog.	(1), (0)	
	VOLUGAL	θ _Y -		70	80	-			
	Horizontal	θ_x +		80	89				
Viewing Angle	- Ionzoniai	θ_{x} -	CR ≥ 5	80	89		Deg.	(1), (5)	
	Vertical	θ _Y +		75	85			(' /, ()	
		θ_{Y} -		75	85				

Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θx , θy):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

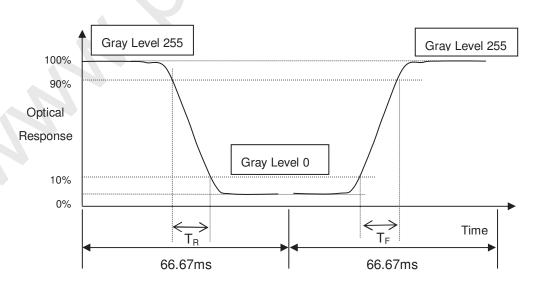
L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR(5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T_R, T_F):



Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L_{C}):

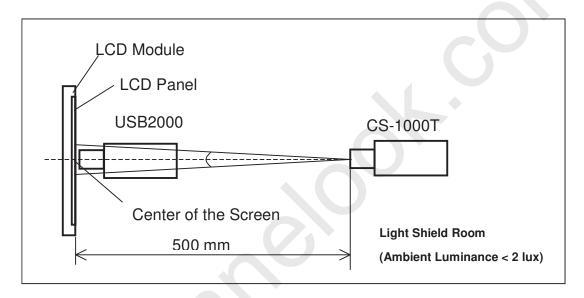
Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point

 $L_C = L (5)$

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

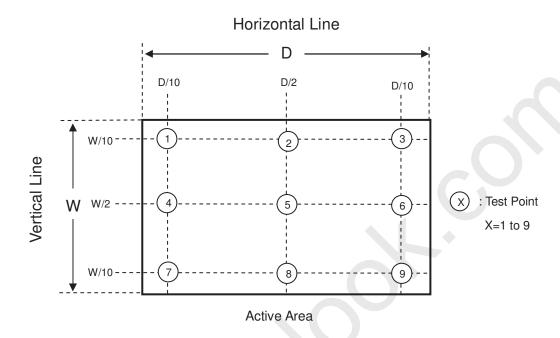
Note (5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 40 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 40 minutes in a windless room.





Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW):Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 9 points $\delta W = \text{Maximum } [L \ (1) \sim L \ (9)] \ / \ \text{Minimum } [L \ (1) \sim L \ (9)]$



8. PACKAGING

8.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 11 LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 620(L) X 348(W) X 430(H) mm
- (3) Weight: approximately: 30kg (11 modules per box)

8.2 PACKING METHOD

(1) Carton Packing should have no failure in the following reliability test items.

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note
	ISTA STANDARD	
	Random, Frequency Range: 1 – 200 Hz	
Vibration	Top & Bottom: 30 minutes (+Z), 10 min (-Z),	Non Operation
	Right & Left: 10 minutes (X)	
	Back & Forth 10 minutes (Y)	
Dropping Test	1 Corner , 3 Edge, 6 Face, 31cm	Non Operation

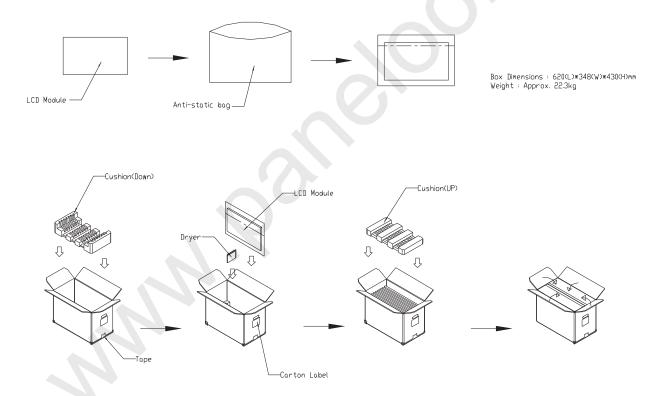
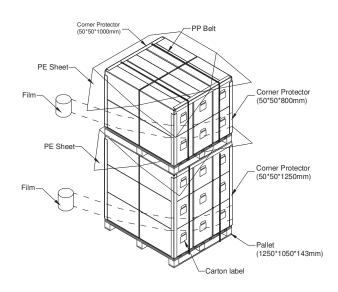


Figure. 8-1 Packing method

For ocean shipping

Sea / Land Transportation (40ft HQ Container)



Sea / Land Transportation (40ft Container)

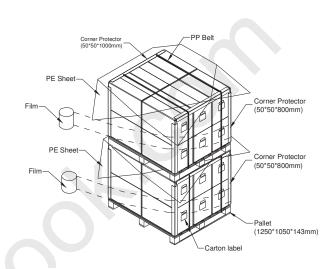


Figure. 8-2 Packing method

For air transport

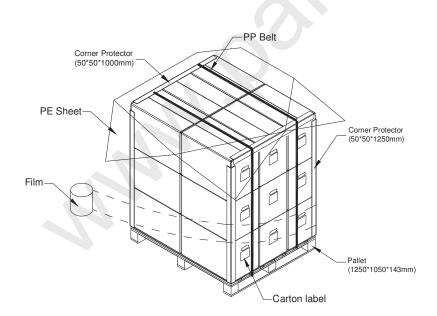


Figure. 8-3 Packing method

9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

9.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: M236H3-L02

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.

(c) CMO barcode definition:

Serial ID: XX-XX-XX-YMD-L-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
XX	CMO internal use	-
XX	Revision	Cover all the change
Х	CMO internal use	-
XX	CMO internal use	-
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4 Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, W, X, Y, exclude I, O, and U.
L	Product line #	Line 1=1, Line 2=2, Line 3=3,
NNNN	Serial number	Manufacturing sequence of product

(d) Customer's barcode definition:

Serial ID: CM-23H32-X-X-X-XX-L-XX-L-YMD-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
CM	Supplier code	CMO=CM
23H32	Model number	M236H3-L02= 23H32
Х	Revision code	Non ZBD: 1,2,~,8,9 / ZBD: A~Z
Х	Source driver IC code	Century=1, CLL=2, Demos=3, Epson=4, Fujitsu=5, Himax=6, Hitachi=7, Hynix=8,
Х	Gate driver IC code	LDI=9, Matsushita=A, NEC=B, Novatec=C, OKI=D, Philips=E, Renasas=F, Samsung=G, Sanyo=H, Sharp=I, TI=J, Topro=K, Toshiba=L, Windbond=M
XX	Cell location	Tainan Taiwan=TN, Ningbo China=CN
L	Cell line #	1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z
XX	Module location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN; Ningbo China=NP
L	Module line #	1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4 Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, T, U, V
NNNN	Serial number	By LCD supplier

(e) FAB ID(UL Factory ID):

Region	Factory ID
TWCMO	GEMN
NBCMO	LEOO
NBCME	CANO
NHCMO	CAPG

10. Reliability Test

Environment test conditions are listed as following table.

Items	Required Condition	Note
Temperature Humidity Bias (THB)	Ta= 50°C , 80%RH, 240hours	
High Temperature Operation (HTO)	Ta= 50°C , 50%RH , 240hours	
Low Temperature Operation (LTO)	Ta= 0°C , 240hours	
High Temperature Storage (HTS)	Ta= 60°C , 240hours	
Low Temperature Storage (LTS)	Ta= -20°C , 240hours	
Vibration Test (Non-operation)	Acceleration: 1.5 Grms Wave: Half-sine Frequency: 10 - 300 Hz Sweep: 30 Minutes each Axis (X, Y, Z)	
Shock Test (Non-operation)	Acceleration: 50 G Wave: Half-sine Active Time: 11 ms Direction: ± X, ± Y, ± Z.(one time for each Axis)	
Thermal Shock Test (TST)	-20°C/30min , 60°C / 30min , 100 cycles	
On/Off Test	25°C ,On/10sec , Off /10sec , 30,000 cycles	
ESD (Electro Static Discharge)	Contact Discharge: ± 8KV, 150pF(330Ω) Air Discharge: ± 15KV, 150pF(330Ω)	
Altitude Test	Operation:10,000 ft / 24hours Non-Operation:30,000 ft / 24hours	

11. PRECAUTIONS

11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.

- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than room temperature.

11.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

11.3 SAFETY STANDARDS

The LCD module should be certified with safety regulations as follows:

- (1) UL60950-1 or updated standard.
- (2) IEC60950-1 or updated standard.

11.4. Storage

- (1) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0°C to 35°C And relative humidity of less than 70%
- (2) Do not store the TFT LCD module in direct sunlight
- (3) The module should be stored in dark place. It is prohibited to apply sunlight or fluorescent light in storing

11.5. Operation condition guide

(1) The LCD product should be operated under normal condition.

Normal condition is defined as below:

Temperature : 20±15°C

Humidity: 65±20%

Display pattern: continually changing pattern(Not stationary)

(2) If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, high humidity, high altitude, display pattern or operation time etc...It is strongly recommended to contact CMO for application engineering advice. Otherwise, Its reliability and function may not be guaranteed.



11.6 OTHER

When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.